

What is the KSA?

- The KSA aims to create a high-level Sanitation Alliance under GoK's leadership to achieve an ODF Kenya;
- Senior leadership Representatives from MoH, MoWSI at National Level and CoG together with key donors will chair the Alliance;
- Senior leadership Representatives from the 15 high-burden counties (Governors, and/or CEC, Chief officers) will be represented;
- The Alliance meets every quarter in Nairobi or in the focus counties to review progress;
- UNICEF co-chairs and/or provide Secretariat.



What are the objectives of the KSA?

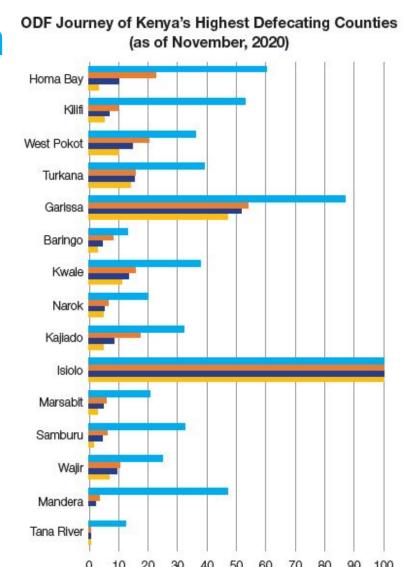
- Create momentum among decision-makers for sanitation at County and National level in order to fast-track the achievement of SDG Target 6.2;
- Monitor progress through a national and high-level mechanism every quarter to ensure that at-scale, nationally-owned results are achieved sustainably and cost-effectively;
- Mobilise domestic resources from the 15 targeted county governments and donors to end open defecation in Kenya by 2025;
- Ensure visibility is given to rural sanitation in the national agenda;
- Strengthen GoK's leadership at the national and county level to lead transformational change through high-level advocacy.

What are the expected objectives of year two for KSA?

- Declaration committing to end open defecation in Kenya by 2025 signed by all the 15 governors;
- New ODF National Roadmap, Rural S&H Protocol signed;
- 20% increase in people living in Open Defecation Free communities in the 15 counties;
- A minimum budget of KES 10 million is allocated and utilized towards the elimination of open defecation at the county level.

Progress Towards the Elimination of Open Defecation

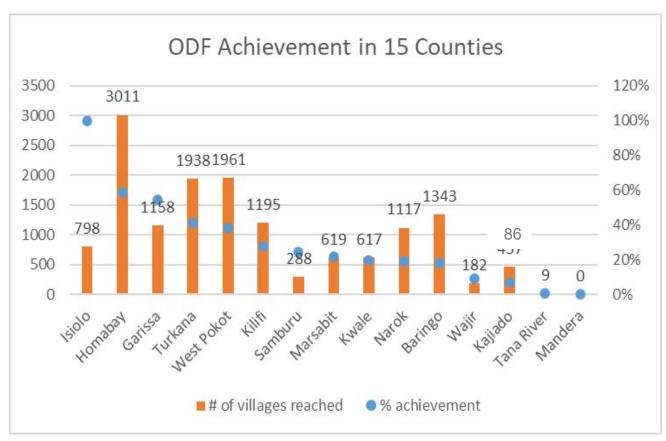
- Community sensitization does not necessarily lead to ODF-certified villages.
- With the low rate of ODF villages and high number of households defecating in the open, efforts to end OD by 2030 will need to be significantly increased
- CLTS activities need to be scaled up in the 15 high-burden counties to promote community behaviour change to achieve SDG 6.2 to end OD in the country



Open Defecation Free Campaign in KSA

Counties

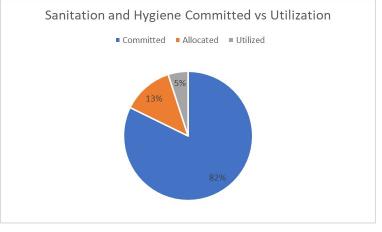
- Overall, Homabay and Garissa are amongst the top performers who have achieved ODF certification in over half of their villages.
- Overall, 10 sub-counties in 4 Counties have been certified and declared ODF. Garissa (2 Sub Counties, Garissa SC and Ijara SC), Homabay (5 sub-counties; Homabay Township, Kabondo Kasipul, Kasipul, Rachuonyo North and Rangwe), Kilifi (2 Sub Counties; Kilifi North and Rabai) and Narok (Transmara East SC)
- Between 2020 and 2022, 5,141 villages have become ODF certified, and 1.5 million people were reached with behaviour change messages including hand washing through triggering 6,108 villages.
- Currently, 7,458 villages (30% of the total villages)
 have been ODF certified in 15 counties.
- With only seven years left to eliminate open defecation in Kenya, coordinated action is needed to achieve Vision 2030.



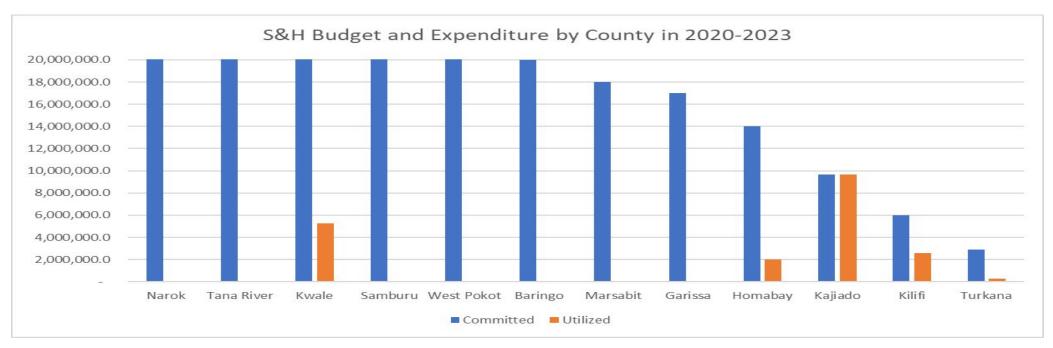
Sanitation and Hygiene Investment in KSA Counties.

- KES 177,082,027 has been committed for sanitation and hygiene (S&H) activities by 12 out of the 15 KSA counties.22-23
- The total commitment increased by 58%, or KES 102,606,933, since the 2020/21 financial year
- Only 6% of the total funding committed for S&H has been utilized over the last three years.
- 16% of the Committed funds are actually allocated with 61% unutilized in the end.
- Out of the 15 counties, only five counties (Kajiado, Turkana, Kilifi and Kwale) have spent some of the money they had committed (KES 4,777,140 in total).
- Mandera, Isiolo, and Wajir have not made a financial commitment to date.
- The top three performers in commitment at the moment are Narok, Tana River and Kwale while top three counties on utilization are Kajiado, Kwale and Kilifi.





Call for Action in Financing Sanitation



- 3 out of 15 counties (Garissa, Homabay and Kilifi) have the document signed by both CECMs and Governors, while 5 counties have been partially signed by the CECMs Health (Turkana, Marsabit, Kwale, Baringo and Kajiado)
- Remaining counties (Isiolo, Mandera, Wajir, West Pokot, Samburu, Tana River, Narok) are following up on their declaration.
- Coordinated, government-led action is required to ensure that all 15 counties make financial commitments to
 end open defecation and have dedicated budget lines to sanitation and hygiene activities.
- County governments need to be held accountable for the commitments they have made and increase expenditure in S&H.

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Kenya Sanitation Alliance

A sanitation movement to end open defecation by 2025

